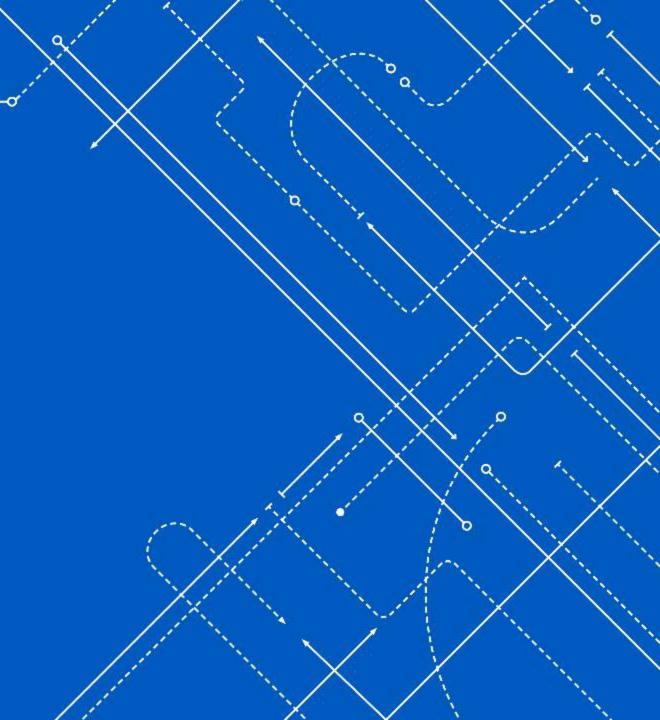


June 2022

UB Center for Computational Research



OVERVIEW



Objectives

- Introduce basic concepts of highperformance computing (HPC)
- Describe how to access the CCR industry cluster utilizing:
 - CCR OnDemand Portal
- Discuss Software Modules Available
- Explain how to submit a batch job
- Describe how to utilize Singularity Containers



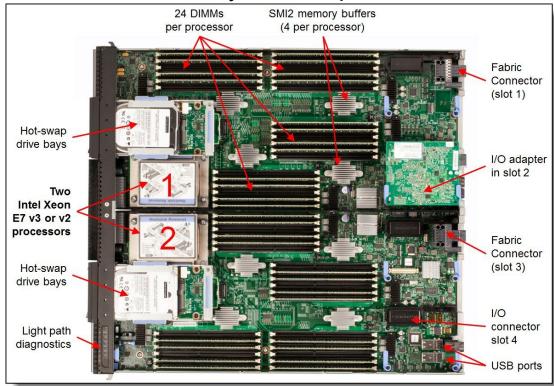
source: UB Photo Database

BASIC HPC CONCEPTS

Some Basic HPC Terminology

- Compute Node a physical self-contained compute unit consisting of an operating system (OS), processors, memory, storage and networking interfaces. Also known as a "blade". Compute nodes can contain multiple processors.
- Processor a computing chip that can contain multiple processing cores.
- Core a single processing unit within a processor.
 These are what ultimately perform computations.
 - Cores on the same compute node must share the node resources (e.g. memory, storage, and networking).
 - Within software, cores are often referred to as cpus or processors

Anatomy of a compute node



Source: lenovopress.com





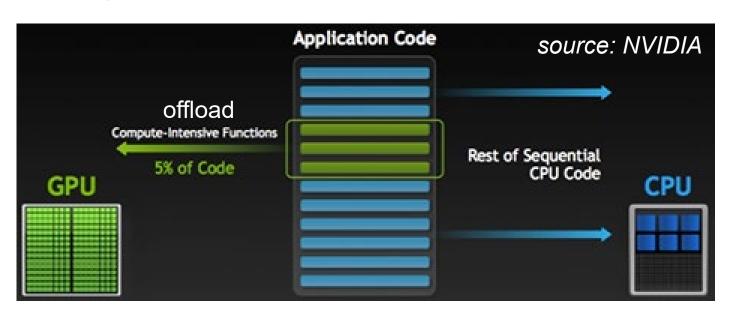


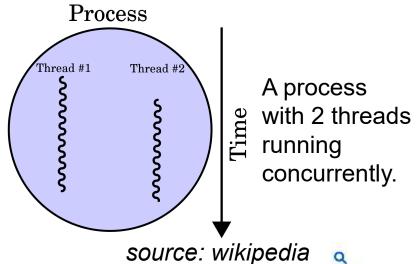
- Node Rack a cabinet that stores a stack of interconnected nodes and other compute equipment
- Compute Cluster a set of interconnected racks.
- Shared Memory Computing an HPC application where each core (all residing on the same node) uses a shared block of memory.
- Distributed Memory Computing an HPC application where each core (possibly residing on different nodes) uses separate blocks of memory and work is coordinated using message passing.

Two Rows of Node Racks at UB CCR



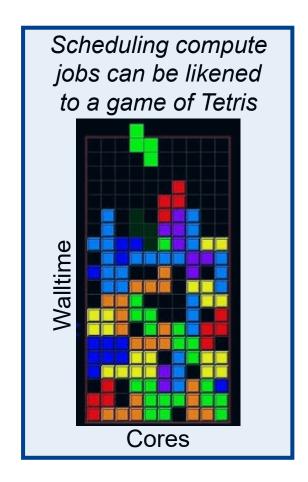
- *Thread* short for "thread of execution", a sequence of instructions that is run concurrently with other threads of the same process. Threads within a process can share memory.
- Accelerator a compute device that a connected processor can use to offload certain computations.



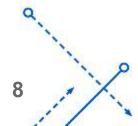


Batch Computing

- UB CCR's compute resources are organized as a batch computing system
 - Users submit compute requests (jobs) to the scheduler software (SLURM)
 - The scheduler examines requested resources (cores, memory, walltime, etc.) and determines when jobs should run and on what nodes
 - When jobs finish early, "holes" form in the schedule. The scheduler "backfills" jobs to fill these holes, kind of like a game of Tetris.



scheduler







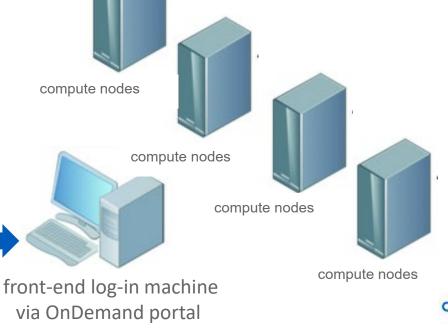
Accessing the UB-HPC Cluster & Industry Compute Partition

UB VPN

- UB CCR provides secure remote access to its resources via the front-end machine
- Services protected by:
 - Hardware and software firewalls
 - Virtual Private Network for Off-Campus

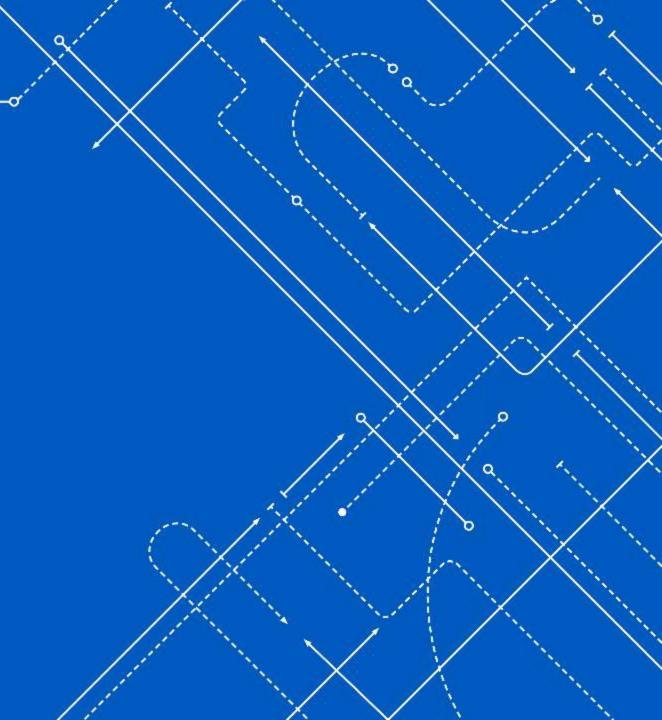
user's PC

SSL for OnDemand portal





USING CCR ONDEMAND



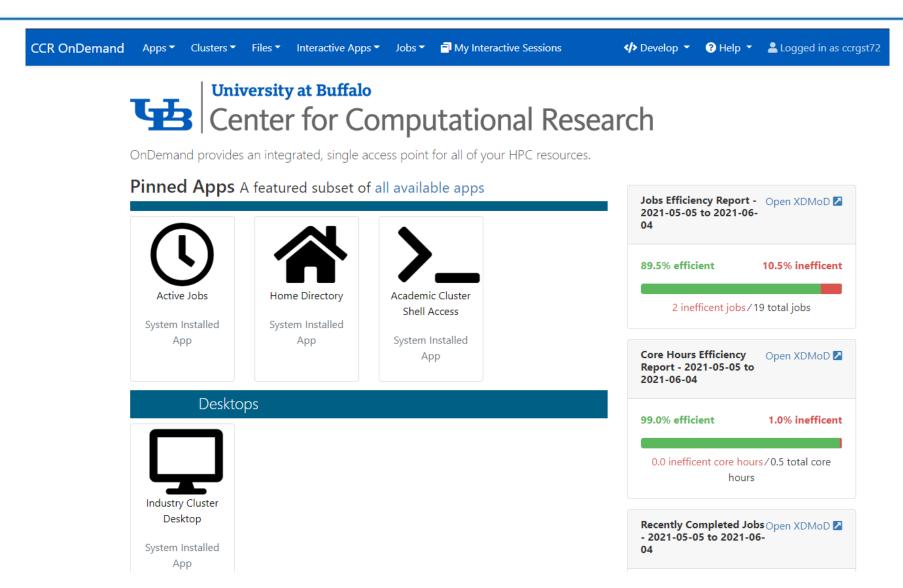
CCR OnDemand

- Connect to CCR OnDemand to:
 - Request compute nodes
 - Load software
 - Launch batch or interactive jobs
 - Monitor job status
 - Transfer and edit files
- This is the recommended way for users to access the cluster





CCR OnDemand Dashboard



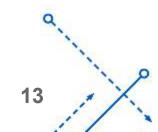


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Login to CCR OnDemand

- If off-campus, must first connect to VPN
 - CCR provides industry users with VPN accounts
 - CCR will provide access to UBIT's Cisco AnyConnect software
 - When connecting to the VPN, select the 'CCR' group from the drop down list
- Point a web-browser to ondemand.ccr.buffalo.edu
 - Login using your UB CCR username, password, and one-time token
 - The password and one-time token are entered on the same line with no extra characters or spaces
 - One-time tokens are generated in authentication apps such as <u>Duo or Google Authenticator</u>



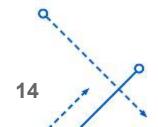


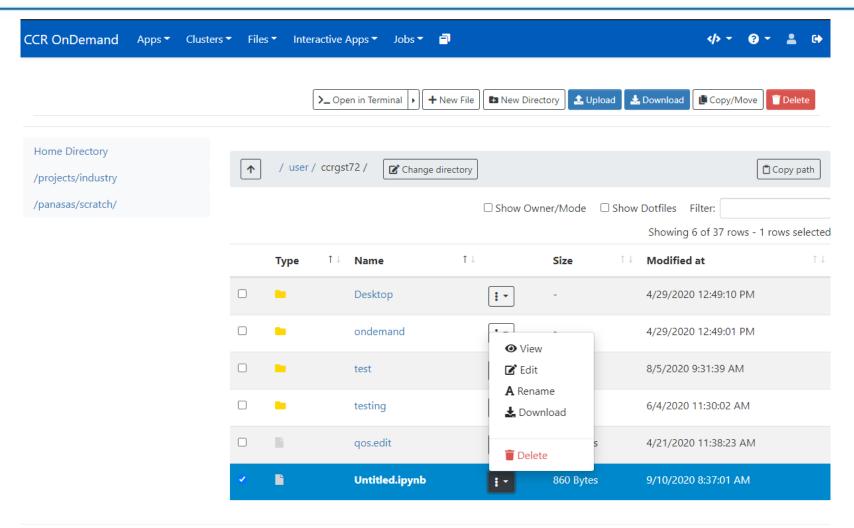
CCR OnDemand Dashboard

CCR OnDemand Apps ▼ Clusters ▼ Files ▼ Interactive Apps ▼ Jobs ▼ ¬ My Interactive Sessions

- Files
 - Launches "File Explorer"
 - Navigate storage
 - Transfer files to/from PC
 - Edit, Delete, Copy, & Rename files
- Jobs
 - Check status of active jobs
 - Compose and submit new job scripts (under development)

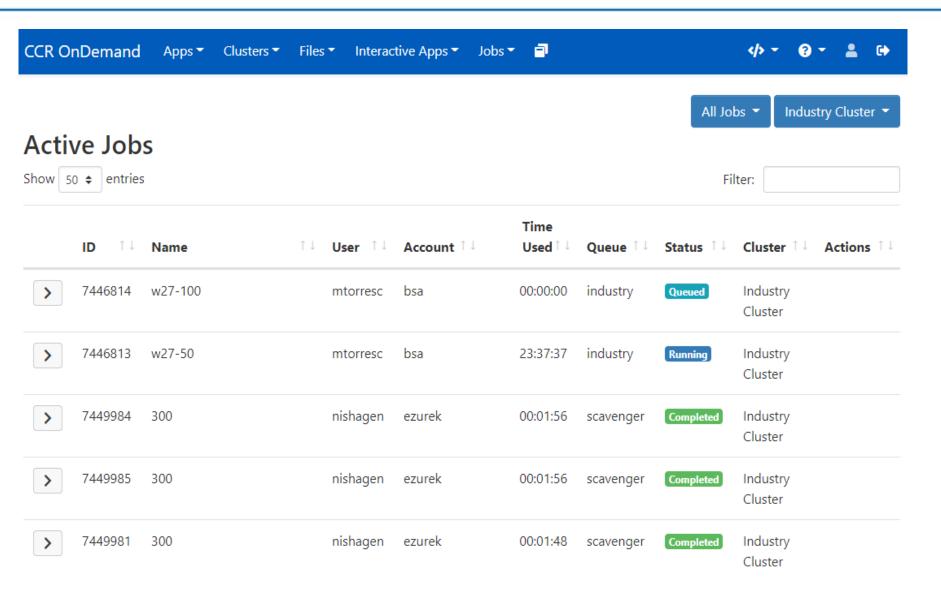
- Clusters
 - Command line shell terminal
- Interactive Apps
 - Remote Desktop Sessions (for GUI applications)





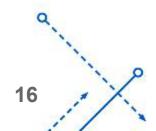
File Explorer

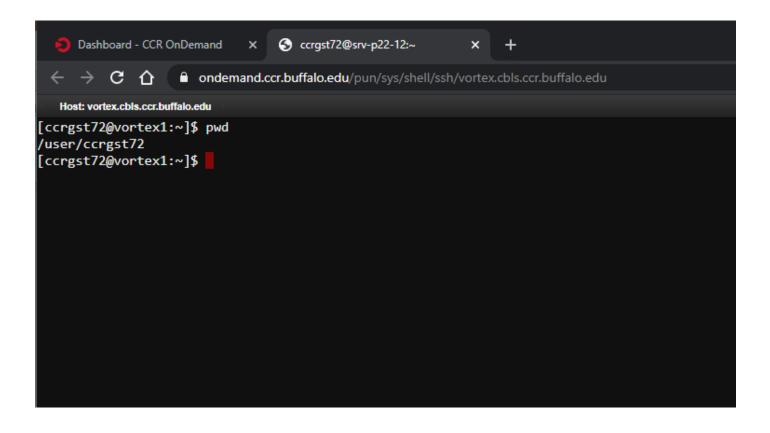
- Click the links on left to navigate between user home directory, and group project or scratch areas
- "Upload" Transfer files from PC to CCR storage
- "Download" Transfer files from CCR storage to PC
- To view/edit/rename, select the file then click on arrow to right of file name for menu of options



Active Jobs

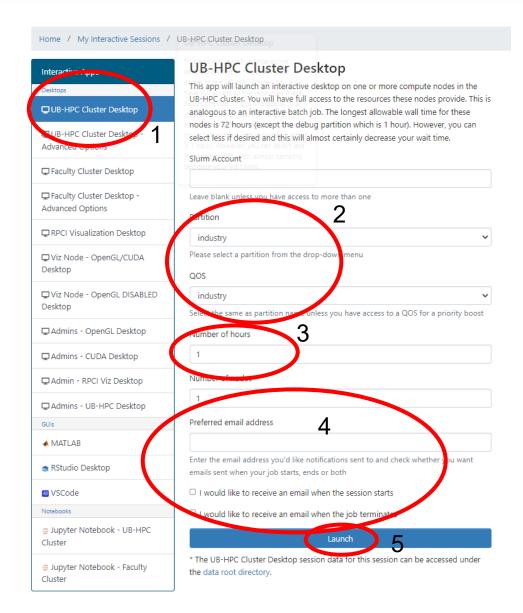
- Toggle between 'All Jobs' and 'Your Jobs'
- Toggle between 'UB-HPC Cluster' and other clusters or 'All Clusters'





Cluster Shell

- Linux terminal window opens in new browser tab
- Automatically places you in your home directory
- Use linux commands to navigate to group project or scratch directory
- View/edit files
- Submit batch jobs and monitor your job status in the queue
- Click here for Linux and Slurm
 Cheat Sheet

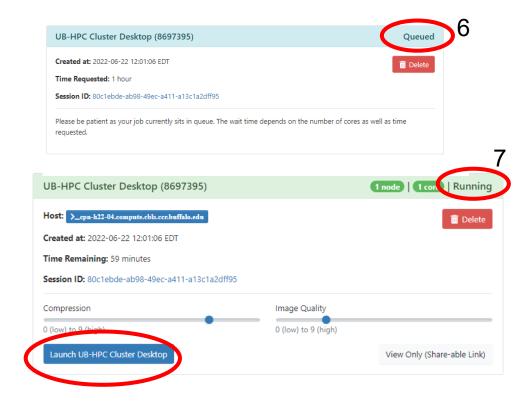


Remote Desktop

The Cluster Desktop apps in OnDemand provide a remote desktop style experience on the cluster nodes (servers). This is great for using GUI-based applications and running interactive code. If your application requires heavy graphics, please use the Viz Node application options.

- 1. Click on UB-HPC Cluster Desktop
- 2. Select the 'industry' option from the partition AND QOS drop down menus
- 3. Choose the duration of session (max 72 hours)
- 4. Enter email address if desired and select which types of notification emails you'd like to receive
- 5. Click the Launch button





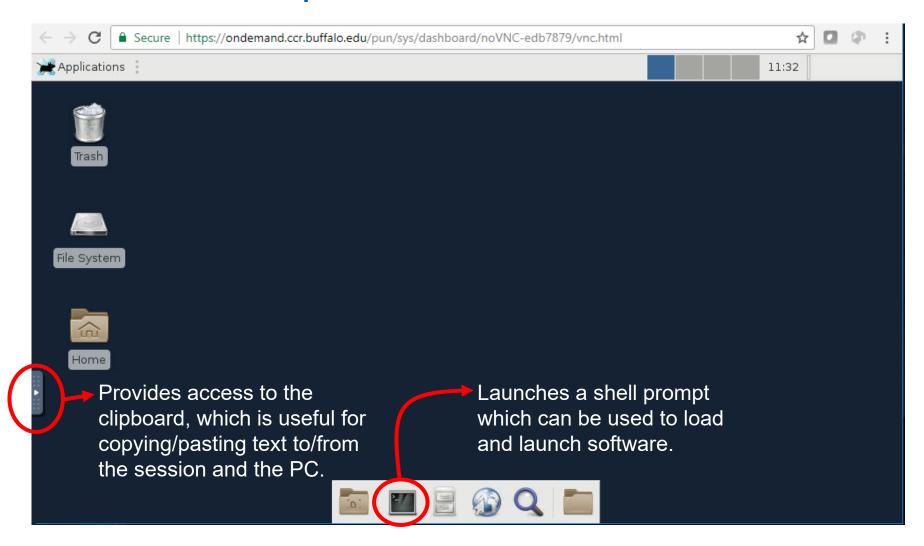
Remote Desktop (con't)

- 6. As the job prepares to start, the status will display 'queued'
- 7. Once the job is running on the node, the status will display as 'running' and you can click on the 'Launch UB-HPC Cluster Desktop" which launches the Linux desktop

Options:

- Host: Link opens up a terminal window into the node your job is running on
- View Only Link: This can be provided to CCR Help for assistance with troubleshooting problems
- Session ID: Clicking this link opens the File App and redirects you to the location of all the output files for this job. Here you'll find .err and .out files containing useful troubleshooting info.
- Compression and Image Quality toggles: Use to adjust if you're having trouble with the connection quality

Remote Desktop



SOFTWARE MODULES

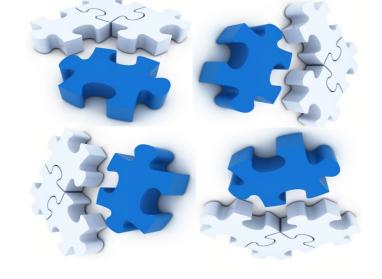


Software Modules

- CCR supports numerous software packages
- Installed as "modules"
- Important module commands:

```
module avail – what's installed?

module load – load module
```



- Industry cluster users only have access to software without license restrictions or licenses supplied by the company (found in /util/common)
- Example (try from CCR OnDemand cluster shell app):

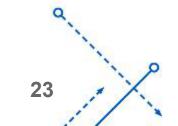
```
$ bedtools
bedtools: command not found
$ module load bedtools
$ bedtools
bedtools is a powerful toolset for genome arithmetic.
Version: v2.27.1
```



Software Modules

CCR has experience with dozens of software modules including:

- Engineering ABAQUS, ANSYS, COMSOL, STAR-CCM
- Machine Learning Tensorflow, Torch
- GPU Programming CUDA, OpenCL
- Data Analytics R, SAS
- Molecular Dynamics NAMD, Rosetta, Schrodinger
- Quantum Chemistry Orca, Q-Chem
- Programming MATLAB, Python
- Bioinformatic/ Genomics BLAST, GATK



UB CCR: SUBMITTING BATCH JOBS

About the Scheduler

- SLURM
 - Simple Linux Utility for Resource Management
- Useful scheduler commands (issue these from a MobaXterm shell prompt or an On Demand "Clusters shell prompt):
 - sbatch submit a job script
 - squeue/sqstat check the status of a job
 - scancel delete a job
 - snodes show node info and status
 - sranks show job priorities
 - stimes show when jobs are expected to start



Decomposing An Example Job Script

```
#!/bin/sh
#SBATCH --partition=debug
#SBATCH --time=00:15:00
#SBATCH --nodes=2
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=12
##SBATCH --mem=48000
#SBATCH --constraint=IB&CPU-E5645
#SBATCH --job-name="hello_test"
#SBATCH --output=test-mpi-debug-%j.out
#SBATCH --error=test-mpi-debug-%j.err
#SBATCH --mail-user=cdc@buffalo.edu
#SBATCH --mail-type=ALL
```

Job scripts begin with a list of SBATCH directives. These directives inform the scheduler about the resources needed for the job along with who to contact when the job completes and what to do with output that would normally be printed on the screen.

NOTE:

Industry cluster Slurm directives are:

- --cluster=ub-hpc
- --partition=industry
- --qos=industry



The next step in the job script is to configure the desired computing environment by loading required modules and setting relevant variables.

We typically also print (echo) various useful SLURM variables, like the job id, the nodelist, and the working directory. These can come in handy if there is a need to troubleshoot a completed job.

Decomposing An Example Job Script

```
#export I_MPI_DEBUG=4
export I_MPI_PMI_LIBRARY=/usr/lib64/libpmi.so
srun ./helloworld
#
echo "All Done!"
```

The final step in the job script is to launch the desired application. How an application is launched depends on the application. **srun** is the preferred launcher for multi-node applications. For single node applications, just launch the application directly (e.g. **python** ./helloworld). Most applications also require various command line arguments.

CCR provides example job scripts for various applications. These are located in the /util/academic/slurm-scripts folder. You can copy the example script of your choice and edit to suit your needs.

О

An Example Python Multiprocessing Job Script

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name=pi mp
#SBATCH --output=pi_mp.out
#SBATCH --error=pi mp.err
#SBATCH --mail-user=your user name@buffalo.edu
#SBATCH --mail-type=END
#SBATCH --time=00:10:00
#SBATCH --nodes=1
#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=1
#SBATCH --exclusive
#SBATCH --partition=general-compute
#SBATCH --constraint=CPU-E5645
#SBATCH --mem=48000
#SBATCH --tasks-per-node=12
module load python/anaconda
ulimit -s unlimited
python pi mp.py
```

This script requests:

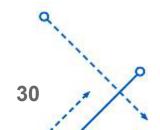
1 node, 12 processors, and 48 GB RAM

It loads the python/anaconda module and then launches a python script. The pi_mp.py script contains some Python code that takes advantage of the multiprocessing module to use the 12 requested processors.

NOTE:

Industry cluster Slurm directives are:

- --cluster=ub-hpc
- --partition=industry
- --qos=industry



An Example MPI for Python Job Script

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name=mpi4py
                                                        This script requests:
#SBATCH --output=mpi4py.out
#SBATCH --error=mpi4pv.err
#SBATCH --mail-user=your user name@buffalo.edu
#SBATCH --mail-type=END
#SBATCH --time=00:10:00
#SBATCH --nodes=2
#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=1
#SBATCH --exclusive
#SBATCH --partition=general-compute
#SBATCH --constraint=IB&CPU-E5645
#SBATCH --mem=48000
#SBATCH --tasks-per-node=12
                                                        on the CCR system.
# load modules
module load python/anaconda
module load intel-mpi
ulimit -s unlimited
# enable mpi4py module
export PYTHONPATH=/util/academic/python/mpi4py/v2.0.0/lib/python2.7/site-packages:$PYTHONPATH
# launch app
export I MPI FABRICS LIST=tcp
export I MPI DEBUG=4
export I MPI PMI LIBRARY=/usr/lib64/libpmi.so
srun -n $SLURM NPROCS python mpi4py pi.py
```

2 nodes, 24 processors, and 48 GB RAM per node

It loads the python/anaconda and intel-mpi modules and then adds the location of the mpi4py installation to the Python path. Finally, it sets up the intel-mpi environment and launches a python script using the "srun" launcher. srun is the preferred MPI launcher (instead of mpirun or mpiexec) on the CCR system.

NOTE:

Industry cluster Slurm directives are:

- --cluster=ub-hpc
- --partition=industry
- --qos=industry

RUNJOBS USING SINGULARITY CONTANERS

Singularity: What it is

- A container technology that allows you to pack entire workflows, software libraries and even data into a single image file.
- Containerized applications can be run as slurm jobs on CCR's industry cluster.
 - Simply put the command line "singularity run *image.sif arg1 arg2* ..." inside your slurm script as you do with any other commands.
- Allows full control of installation of software without admin privileges on CCR's cluster.
- Portable and stable
 - Can be run in any Linux based system
 - o Immune to host machine software changes, i.e. no broken dependencies.
- Container image needs to be built using a local machine with admin privileges.
- If you already have your applications packed in singularity containers, they are ready to run on CCR's industry cluster.

Singularity: An example Slurm script

```
#!/bin/sh
#SBATCH --cluster=ub-hpc
#SBATCH --partition=industry -gos=industry
#SBATCH --time=24:00:00
#SBATCH --nodes=1
#SBATCH --mem-per-cpu=4000
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=12
#SBATCH --job-name="yourjob"
#SBATCH --output="your.log"
#SBATCH --mail-user=your-name@your-company.com
#SBATCH --mail-type=ALL
#SBATCH --account=youraccount
#SBATCH --constraint=IB
echo "SLURM JOBID="$SLURM JOBID
echo "SLURM JOB NODELIST"=$SLURM JOB NODELIST
echo "SLURM NNODES"=$SLURM NNODES
echo "SLURMTMPDIR="$SLURMTMPDIR
echo "working directory = "$SLURM SUBMIT DIR
```

This script requests the necessary resources and then launches a singularity job with "your-application.sif" as the container name. It takes an input and output file as the command line arguments. Note: In order for the container to have access to the host file system, we mounted the /projects/industry/your company directory to the container's /mnt directory. The "-B" switch is used to specify the mount point.

ulimit -s unlimited

singularity run –B /projects/industry/yourcompany:/mnt /projects/industry/yourcompany/your-application.sif \mut/yourcompany/your/input/file /mnt/yourcompany/youroutputfile

Need Additional Technical Help?

Please submit a ticket to:

ccr-help@buffalo.edu

Want to learn how your company can access UB CCR's industry cluster?

Contact UB CCR's Industry Outreach lead:

Adrian Levesque, MBA at:

apl3@buffalo.edu