Last Name:

First Name:

Person #:

Problem:

$$\int_2^\infty \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} dx.$$

- (a) Explain why the above integral is improper.

 This is an improper integral because the integral is taken over an interval of **infinite** length.
- (b) Determine whether the above improper integral is **convergent or divergent**. If it is convergent, evaluate it.

 In order to determine whether the above improper integral is convergent or divergent check if the following limit exists:

$$\lim_{t \to \infty} \int_{2}^{t} \frac{1}{(x-1)^{2}} dx.$$

$$\lim_{t \to \infty} \int_{2}^{t} \frac{1}{(x-1)^{2}} dx = \lim_{(u=x-1)} \int_{1}^{t-1} \frac{1}{u^{2}} du$$

$$= \lim_{t \to \infty} (-\frac{1}{u}) \Big|_{1}^{t-1}$$

$$= \lim_{t \to \infty} [-\frac{1}{t-1} + 1]$$

$$= \lim_{(\lim_{t \to \infty} -\frac{1}{t-1} = 0)} 1.$$

Hence the improper integral is convergent with value 1.